



Leica EM FC7

Operating Manual

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Leica
MICROSYSTEMS

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Issued by:

Leica Mikrosysteme GmbH
Hernalser Hauptstrasse 219
A-1170 Vienna

Leica EM FC7

Operating Manual

Leica EM FC7 Serial Number:

Date of purchase:

For the instrument serial number, please refer to the name type label on the back of the instrument!



Please read this instruction manual carefully before operating the instrument.

Foreword

This Technical Documentation is intended to provide essential information about the proper operation of the Leica EM FC7 Cryo-chamber.

This user manual describes commissioning of the Leica EM FC7 Cryo-chamber, phased testing and adjustment of all components and movement sequences, and restoring the basic functionality.

Service and operating staff must familiarize themselves with all components of the system before commissioning. Particular attention must be paid to the aspect of safety.

This user manual must be retained for future reference.

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It should be noted that this Technical Documentation does not constitute a part of any existing, prior agreement or covenant or legal relationship.

All obligations are derived from the purchase agreement, which is also the sole document of record regarding the terms of the warranty. Contractual provisions are not affected by the Technical Documentation.

The documentation issued by the respective suppliers shall apply in addition to this manufacturer's documentation.

In addition, all generally applicable legal and otherwise binding regulations for preventing accidents and protecting the environment must be observed and communicated.

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1. Safety Introduction

Liquid Nitrogen (LN₂)

When working with liquid nitrogen (LN₂) please bear in mind LN₂ is extremely cold. It boils at -196 °C. Nitrogen gas (GN₂) escapes at very low temperature from the boiling LN₂. Both LN₂ and GN₂ as well as cooled elements (e.g. pipes, valves, hoses, containers or stoppers) can cause severe frost bite and burns to the skin and eyes.

When LN₂ evaporates, it expands in a ratio of 1:700. 1 litre LN₂ produces almost 1 m³ of GN₂. Care should therefore be taken to ensure that when large quantities of nitrogen evaporate (e.g. when transferring LN₂), the room should always be well ventilated.

Removing LN₂ waste: dump LN₂ into an outdoor pit or container filled with gravel, where it will evaporate rapidly and safely.

GN₂ is odourless and tasteless and will be inhaled like air. GN₂ is non-toxic, but a high GN₂ content in the air (> 78%) reduces the oxygen-content (< 21%) and produces immediate fainting and deep unconsciousness without any previous symptoms.

When there is doubt about the adequacy of ventilation, use an oxygen analyser (0 to 25% scale) to check for oxygen. The content of oxygen must not drop below 18%.

If an unconscious person stays in a low oxygen environment then death may occur. If breathing stops, apply artificial respiration at once and notify doctor and ambulance immediately.

For the reasons given above, never put LN₂ Dewars in a closed storage room or chamber. The evaporation rate from Dewar vessels can rise to several litres a day if they are defective due to improper handling or to natural wear over many years of use.

Always keep the working area well ventilated.

Bring objects at room temperature carefully into contact with LN₂. Initially an insulating gas layer is formed preventing a large transfer of heat. During this initial period little LN₂ evaporates. However, once the object has cooled down there may occur unexpected strong boiling and spurting of LN₂.

In the case of burns from LN₂ splashes, rinse the affected skin immediately with plenty of water at hand temperature. For serious burns arrange for a skin specialist to see them at once.

In the case of LN₂ affecting the eyes, rinse immediately with water at hand temperature and arrange for an eye specialist to see it at once.

Never use glass Dewar vessels in the lab (especially glass Dewars larger than 2 litres capacity) without complete metal envelope: Glass Dewars often burst for no obvious reason or due to unintentional mishandling (e.g. contact with metal instruments etc.). Never work without open protective glasses when using LN₂ in a glass Dewar.

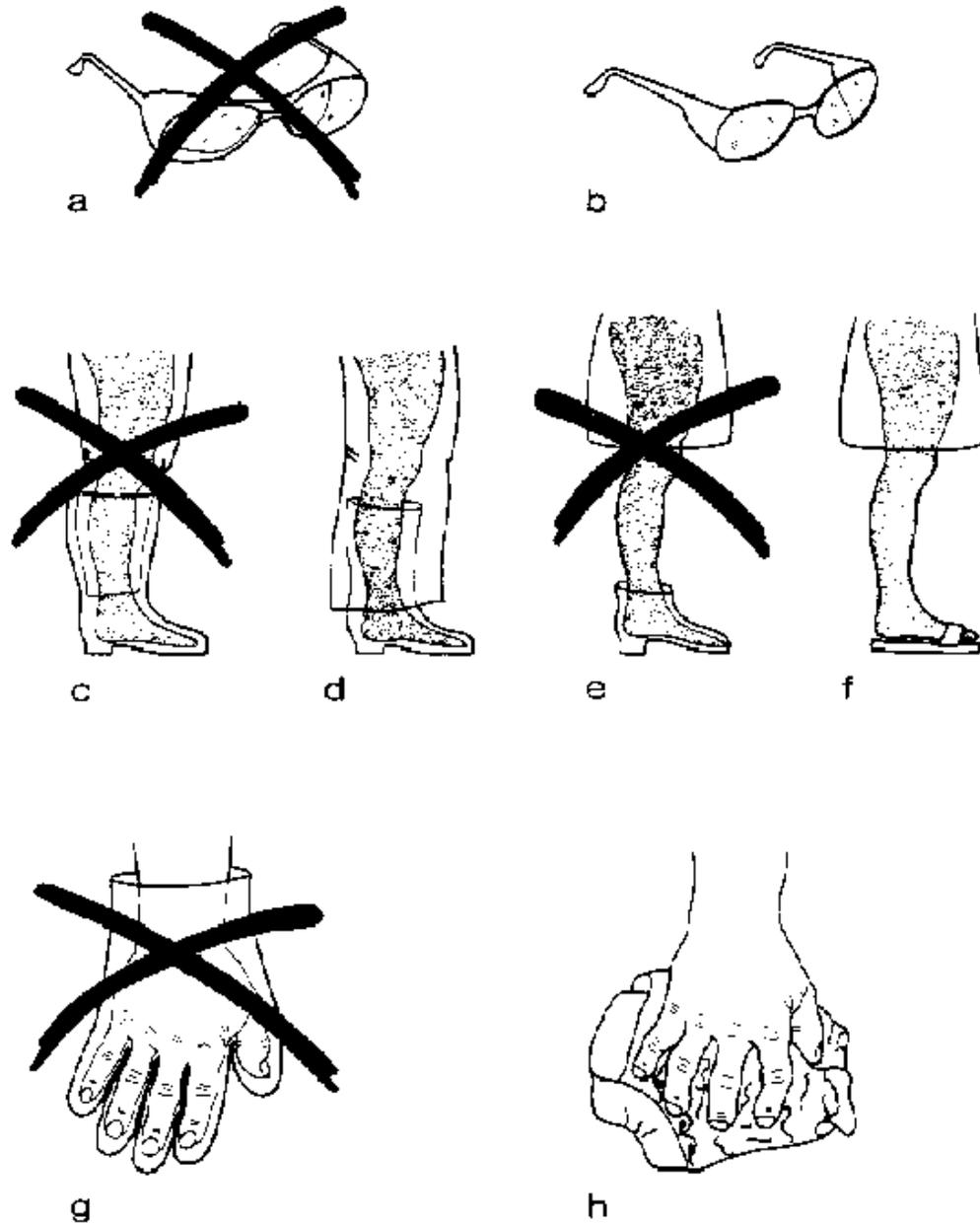


Fig.1.1: When working with LN₂ avoid protective glasses (a), boots (c), walking shoes (e) and protective gloves (g) out of which the LN₂ cannot easily escape if entered. LN₂ splashing into the closed protective glasses (a), open boots (c), shoes (e) or protective gloves (g) evaporates suddenly and can cause serious burns. Always use protective glasses (b) with side protection which are open at the top and at the bottom. Only use boots if you have loose (not narrow) trousers coming outside the boots (d) and completely covering the gap. Wear only open slip-on sandals (f) in the lab, no walking shoes or court shoes. Always wear cuffless trousers if you wear slip-on sandals. Never wear protective gloves when pouring LN₂ or when putting the Dewar head on the Dewar vessel. Just use an open flannel cloth (h) to protect your hands from the cold. Gloves should be used only to grasp dry cold parts. They are unsuitable for LN₂ work.

Only use metal Dewars specifically designated for storage of LN₂, since only containers of this kind exclude risks during storage. For routine cryopreparation metal troughs (1 cm styrofoam insulation), styrofoam containers or plastic troughs are eminently suitable and ensure low risk cryopreparation.

Check the evaporation rate of your metal Dewar regularly every three months and compare these rates with the rate given by the manufacturer. The evaporation rate of an undamaged metal Dewar should be well below 1 litre of LN₂ per day. Defective Dewar vessels with higher evaporation rates are a safety risk, and should be taken out of work or repaired.

Do not leave LN₂ standing in open vessels where it can exchange with the room atmosphere. The boiling point of LN₂ (-196 °C) is lower than liquid oxygen's boiling point (-183 °C). When the exchange surfaces are extensive enough, oxygen from the air will be taken up in exchange for nitrogen. LN₂ with high liquid oxygen content has a faintly bluish colour. Concentrated liquid oxygen promotes vigorous burning!

Make sure that your Dewar vessel is filled only with LN₂. Apply a note in the central distribution place stating clearly

ONLY LIQUID NITROGEN

or similar if different liquefied gases are delivered from there. Check the colour of cryogen: Bluish colour indicates the presence of a high percentage of liquid oxygen. The concentration of liquid oxygen increases during long periods of storage as its boiling point (-183 °C) is higher than the boiling point (-196 °C) of LN₂.

Main supply must be assured: 100 – 240 VAC, 50 – 60 Hz

The instruments are equipped with protected ground. Before connecting it to the local electrical supply make sure that the mains has the required ground and that the instrument is connected to it according to the local regulations.

Unplug the instrument before installing or changing fuses.

HAZARD WARNING

LIQUID NITROGEN, LN₂



Suffocation

- Any vessel containing LN₂ is a potential hazard
- One litre LN₂ produces 700 litres N₂ gas
- N₂ gas is odourless and tasteless
- Oxygen levels can quickly drop in confined spaces due to displacement of oxygen
- by N₂ when using or dispensing large volumes of LN₂
- This can cause immediate fainting and unconsciousness
- Always use LN₂ in well-ventilated areas
- Treat it with respect!



Storage

- For reasons mentioned above do not store full LN₂ Dewars in confined spaces



Burns

- LN₂ boils at -196°C. It is extremely cold and can cause serious burns. Please read the safety instructions provided with all Leica products for the correct handling of liquid nitrogen!

1.1 Symbols and abbreviations



Caution!

This symbol alerts the user to important information which may endanger staff or result in damage to the system if it is ignored.



Note!

This symbol indicates further information relating to a previous explanation, which does not have a safety-critical function. However, it is important to observe this information to ensure that the system functions optimally.

1.2 Abbreviations

CU	=	control unit
n.i.	=	not illustrated
E-W	=	East - West
LN ₂	=	Liquid Nitrogen
N-S	=	North - South
RC	=	Rapid Cooling
RT	=	room temperature

2. Identification

2.1 Product

Leica EM FC7 Cryo-chamber

2.2 Manufactured by

Leica Mikrosysteme GmbH
Hernalser Hauptstrasse 219
A-1170 Vienna

Tel.: +43 1 488 99-0

Fax: +43 1 488 99-350

Internet: [http:// www.leica-microsystems.com](http://www.leica-microsystems.com)

3. Introduction

3.1 Overview

The Leica EM FC7 is the low temperature sectioning system for the Leica Ultracut UC7 (and UC6) ultramicrotome. It is used for semi- and ultrathin cryosectioning of biological and industrial samples. This includes Frozen Hydrated Sectioning (FHS) of vitrified specimens, cryoprotected biological samples (Tokuyasu technique) and soft industrial specimens such as rubbers and polymers.

The Leica EM FC7 has been specifically designed for maximum ergonomics and ease of use. It has an integrated chamber illumination, allows to use an integrated antistatic device and provides a wide temperature range from $-15\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $-185\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ for cryosectioning. All controls are via the control unit (CU) of the ultramicrotome to save workspace on the table and provide maximum comfort and ergonomics for the operator.

The EM FC7 system consists of

- Cryochamber with integrated LED illumination
- Dewar vessel on mobile trolley
- Liquid nitrogen pump
- Power supply
- Connecting cables, LN₂ hose
- Accessories box containing 2 rotating knife holders, 1 standard specimen holder, specimen carriers, special keys, tools and forceps

The „complete working outfit“ contains in addition to the items mentioned above:

- Flat specimen holder
- CRION antistatic device, remote controlled

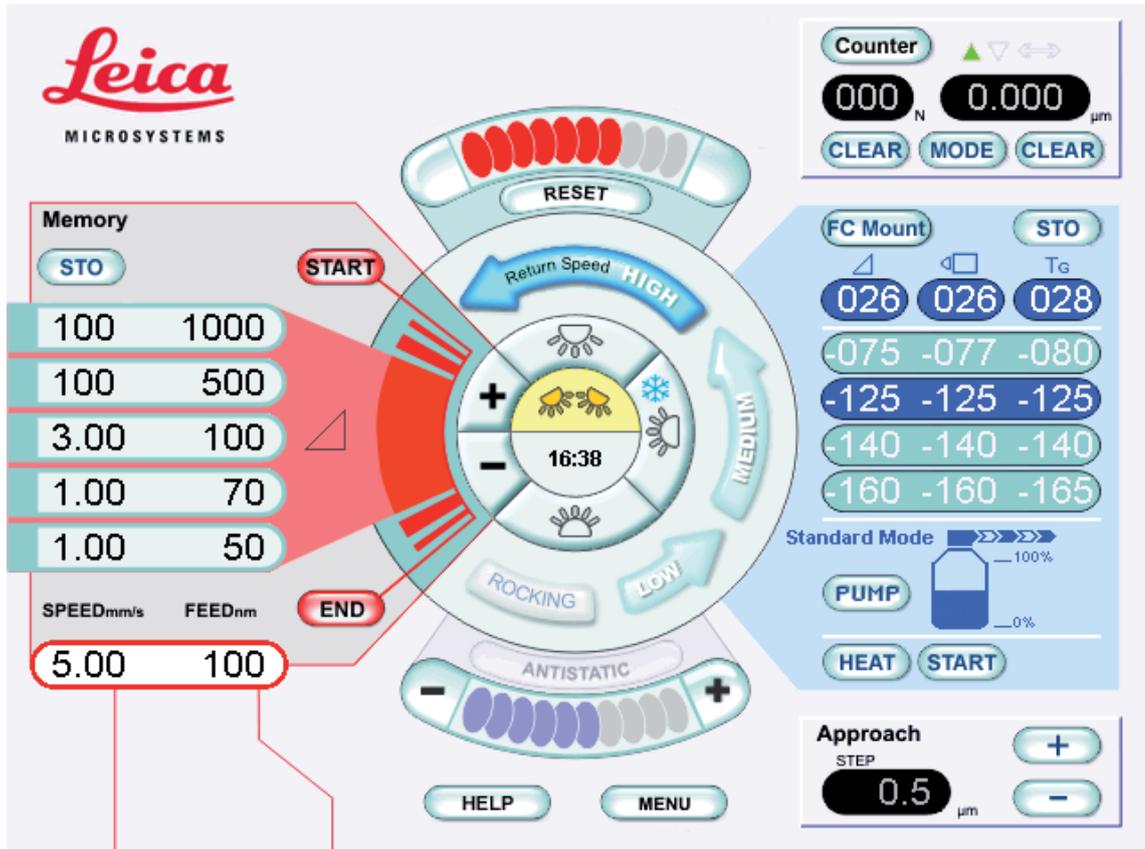
This allows controlling the ioniser from either the “Advanced touch screen controller“or the “7” touch screen controller“of the Ultracut UC7.

Recommended accessories are

- Micromanipulator
- Filling System for LN₂ Dewar

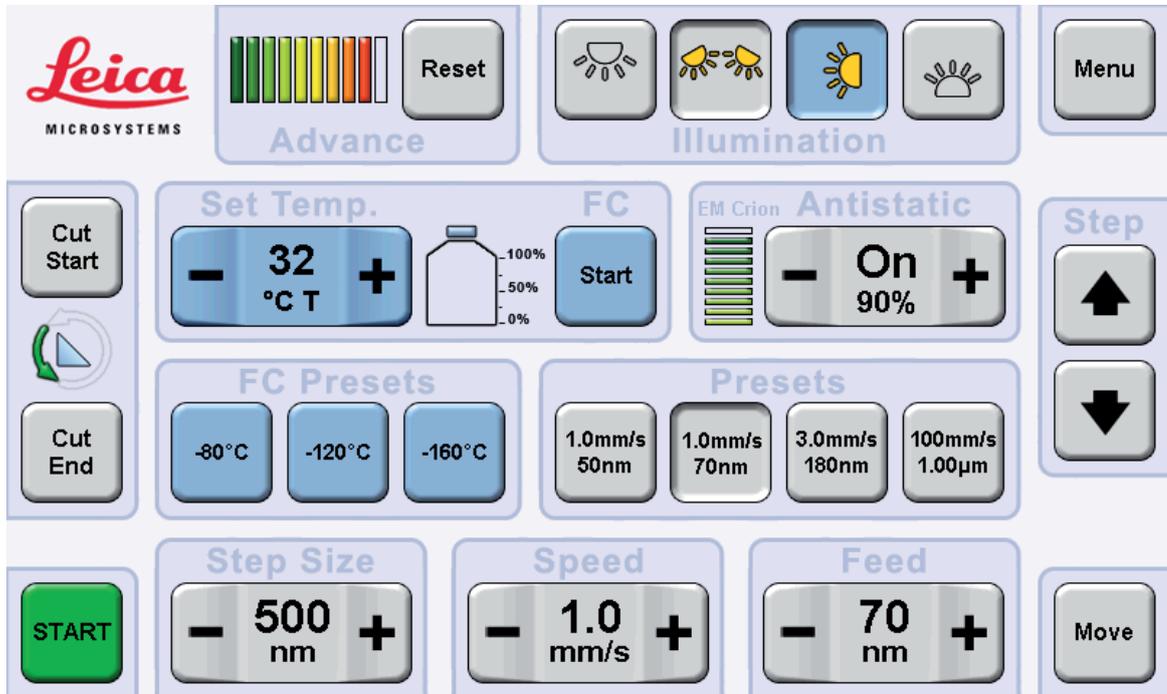
3.3 Advanced touch screen control unit

After connecting and switching on the EM FC7 and the EM CRION to Advanced touch screen control unit of the Ultramicrotome UC7, the touch screen appears as shown below.



3.4 Basic touch screen control unit

After connecting and switching on the EM FC7 and the EM CRION to the 7" touch sensitive control unit of the Ultracut UC7, the main screen of the controller appears as shown below.



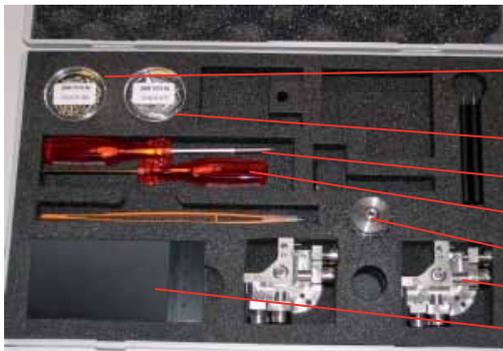
4. Installation and Setup

4.1 Packing list

LEICA EM FC7 Low Temperature Sectioning System contains:



EM FC7 cryochamber
Power supply, connecting cables
Pressure-less automatic filling system
Insulated, threaded connecting hose
Dewar for 25l LN₂ with special flange and mobile trolley and pump storage holder



The case for accessories contains:
Specimen carriers 50 pcs. with concentric rings
Specimen carriers 50 pcs. with slot
Allen key 3 mm
Cryotool with M4 thread.
Collet specimen clamp
Rotating knife holder 2pcs.
Preparation plate
Allen key 2mm
Special long forceps with insulation coating,
Black lever, 2 pcs
0.5mm spacer (transparent plastic foil)
Transparent cover used during the cooling down process.



The **Complete Working Outfit** contains in addition:



EM CRION antistatic device (either with discharge and charge mode or discharge only), connecting cables

Optionally available accessories:



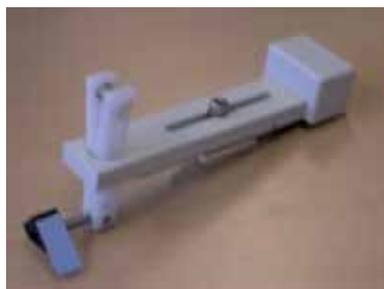
Micromanipulator for frozen hydrated sectioning



Set of cryotools



Dewar Refilling System



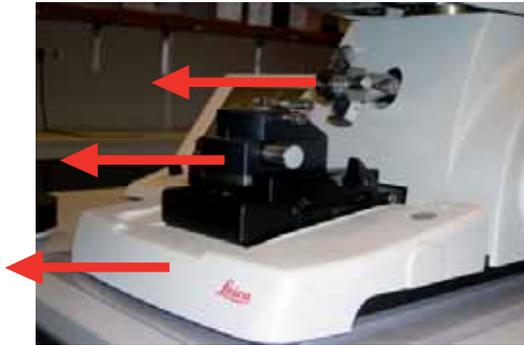
Cryo Mesacut Mirror



Trimming Tool

Different Flat Specimen Holders

4.2 Preparation of the ultramicrotome UC7 or UC6

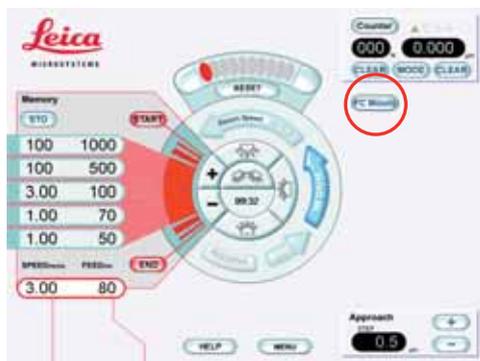


Remove armrest, knife support and segment arc from the Ultracut EM UC7 or UC6.

Switch on the Ultracut.



Ultracut after removal of armrest, knife support and segment arc.



Activate the FC Mount Function of the Ultracut by pushing the FC Mount button of the controller.

With the FC Mount Function of the Ultracut UC6 or UC7, the knife stage will be centered in the E-W direction and to the outmost south direction automatically. The backlight will switch off, the toplight will switch on. This will facilitate mounting the EM FC7.

4.3 Unpacking the cryochamber EM FC7

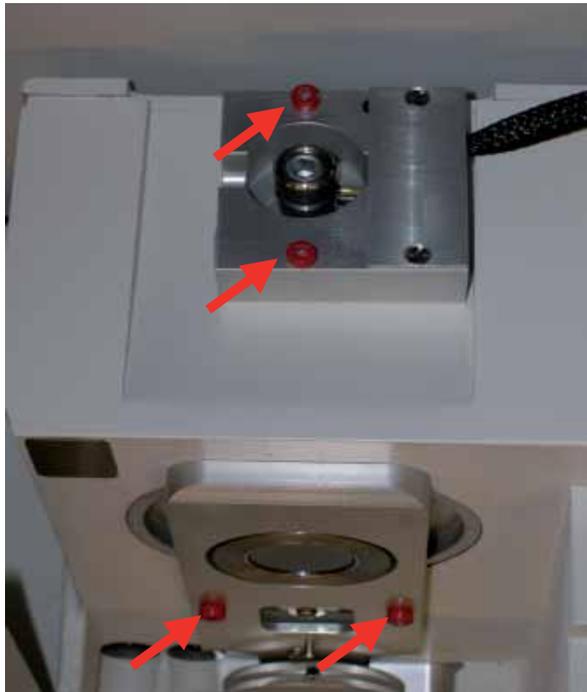
Open box and lift out EM FC7 cryochamber and LN₂ hose:



Remove LN₂ hose and take away foam packaging:



Before mounting the EM FC7 on the Ultracut, remove the transport locking screws on rear side and bottom knife plate of the cryochamber:



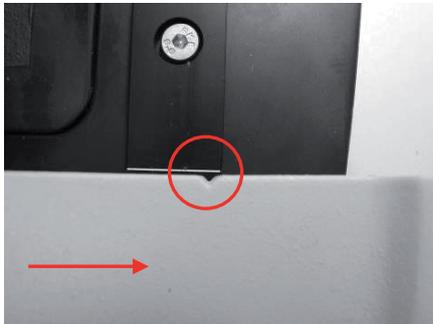
Keep the transport locking screws in the case for accessories for potential future shipping of the cryochamber.

4.4 Mounting the EM FC7 onto the Ultracut UC7

Make sure that the clamping lever of the knife support and the cryochamber are opened. Move the knife stage of the EM UC7 into the E-W centre position (using the FC Mount button of controller, or with the E-W control wheel).



Take FC7 chamber with both hands and place it above the first indentation lines.



Push aside the chassis of the FC7 the groove on the chassis of the cryochamber should be on the right side of the line.

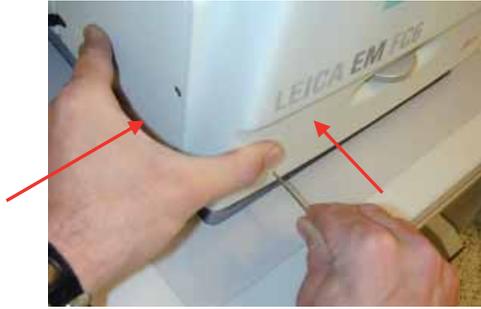


Slide on the chassis of the Ultracut UC7 until the second indentation line. Turn the hand wheel of the Ultracut UC7 to move the specimen arm to the lowest position.



Guide the cryo specimen arm into the specimen arm of the Ultracut UC7. Slide the FC7 cryochamber into the chassis until you reach the end stop.

Lock the cryo specimen arm of the FC7 cryochamber to the specimen arm of the Ultracut UC7 by turning the locking screw either manually or using the 3 mm Allen key. Observe the gap between cryo specimen arm and cryochamber (2 red arrows in). The distance of the gap should be approx. 0.5 mm.



Adjusting the distance between specimen arm and cryochamber should be done as follows:

Press the cryochamber to the right side and north against the UC7 or UC6 base plate (red arrows). The distance will be adjusted by turning the adjusting screw on the front side of the FC7 cryochamber using the 2 mm Allen key. For accurate setting the 0.5mm spacer (transparent plastic foil) can be used.



Lock the FC7 cryochamber to the chassis of the Ultracut UC7 by turning the lever „a“ clockwise until its end stop position.

Make sure the FC7 is firmly connected by gently pulling in the south direction.



To increase the clamping remove lever „a“ by unscrewing slot screw. Reposition the lever an eighth counter clockwise on the clamping shaft and lock FC7. Repeat procedure until FC7 cannot be removed by gently pulling in south direction.

Fix lever by tightening the slot screw.



Push the knife plate of the EM FC7 until its north end stop position. Lock the knife plate to the knife stage of the Ultracut UC7 or UC6 by turning the lever b clockwise.

Move the cryo specimen arm up and down by turning the hand wheel to make sure that there is no contact to the cryo chamber.



Make sure the cryochamber is levelled out with a spirit-level placed on the top plate of the cryochamber (see operating manual of the EM UC7 as well).

4.5 Connecting the Cryochamber

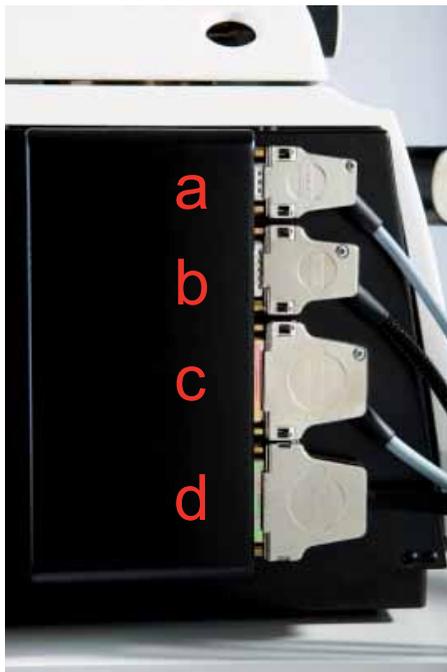
Before connecting the power supply to the main following main supply must be assured: 100 – 240 VAC, 50 – 60 Hz

The instrument is equipped with protected ground. Before connecting it to the local electrical supply make sure that the mains has the required ground and that the instrument is connected to it according to the local regulations.

Unplug the instrument before installing or changing fuses.



In case a Leica EM UC7 instrument table is available place the power supply onto the shelf beneath the table board. Connect the power supply to the mains.



Connect hot plug of the power supply to the multiway connector on the rear side of the ultramicrotome (b).

Connect hot plug of cryochamber (d).

Connect hot plug of pump (a).

Multiway connector with hot plugs for pump (a), power supply (b), control unit (c) and cryochamber (d).

4.6 Connecting the LN₂ hose of the pump



Connect the LN₂ hose with its threaded connection to the FC7 cryochamber.



Connect the LN₂ hose with its threaded connection to the FC7 to the pump. Before inserting the connection open the safety shutter (a).

The clean Dewar vessel has to be filled with LN₂ according to the safety precautions.

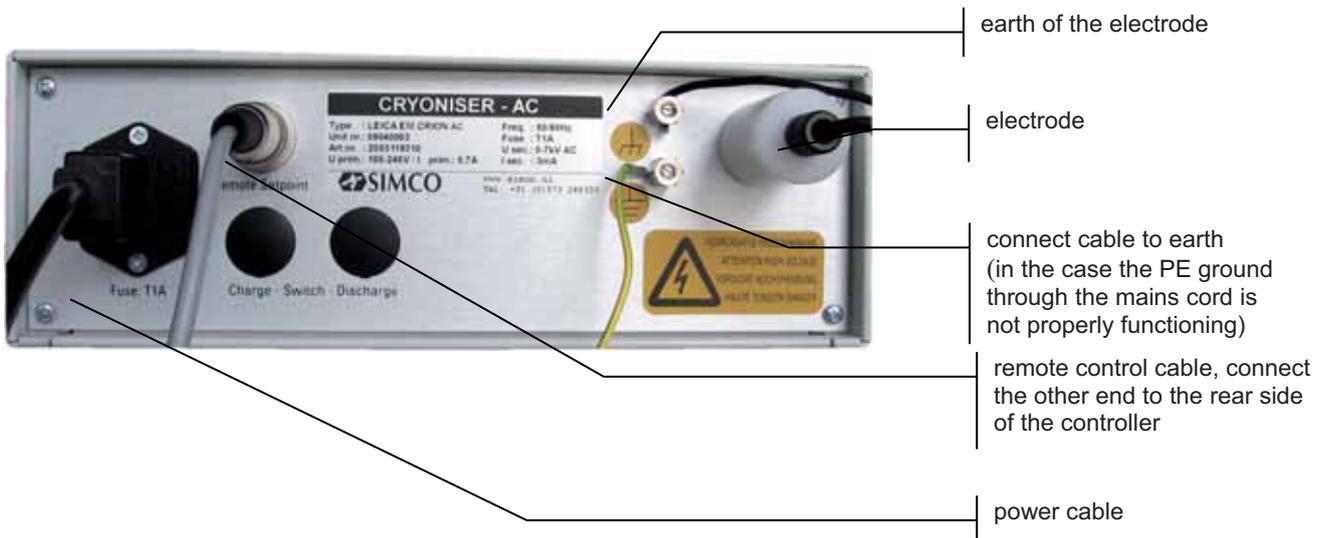
Remove the yellow protective cup from the lower end of the pump. Slowly lower the pump into the Dewar. Hold the pump for a while until the strong boiling decreases and carefully lower the pump until it is completely immersed.



The clean Dewar vessel has to be filled with LN₂ according to the safety precautions.

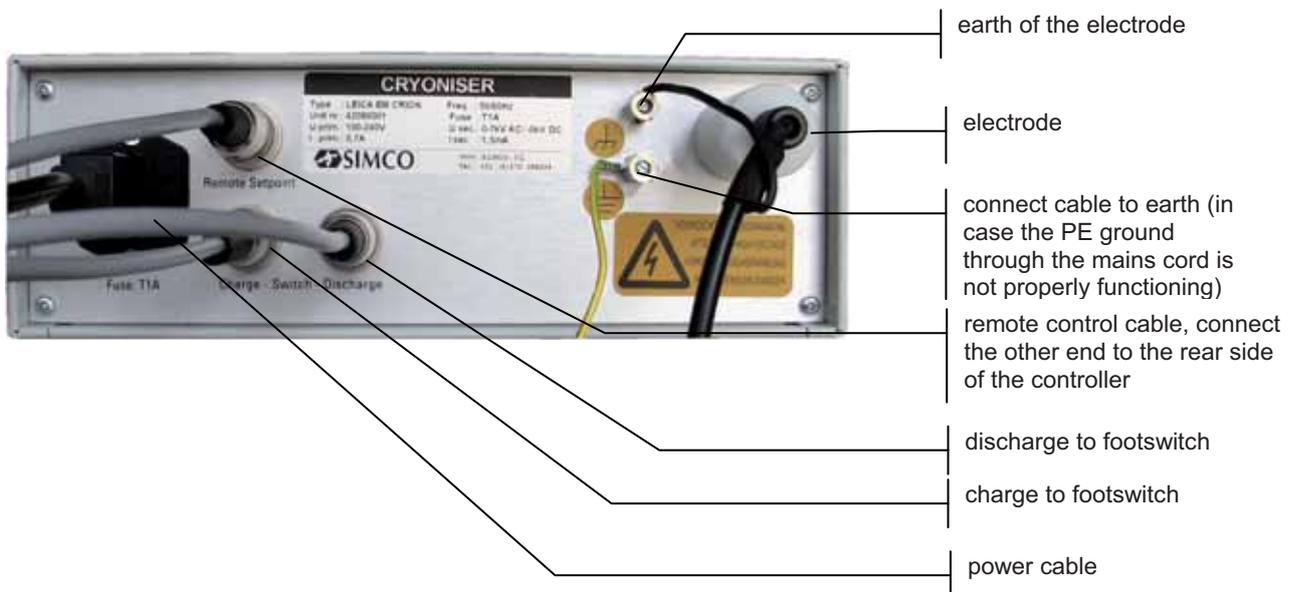
4.7 Connecting the antistatic device EM CRION with discharge mode

Please see Leica EM Crion manual as well.



4.8 Connecting the EM CRION with discharge and charge mode

Please see Leica EM Crion manual as well.





In case a Leica EM UC7 instrument table is available place the power supply onto the shelf beneath the table board.

EM Crion with discharge and charge mode is operated by footswitches (except setting the intensity). The EM Crion with discharge function only is operated by switching on/off with the button on the screen of the controller, it can be switched on/off if a footswitch is connected on the controller and “Bind Motor to EM Crion” is enabled (see EM UC7 manual)



Advanced touch screen control unit

As soon the Crion is switched on a operating field on the screen of the control unit appears.

The intensity of the ioniser is controlled by pushing +/- buttons on the ANTISTATIC field.



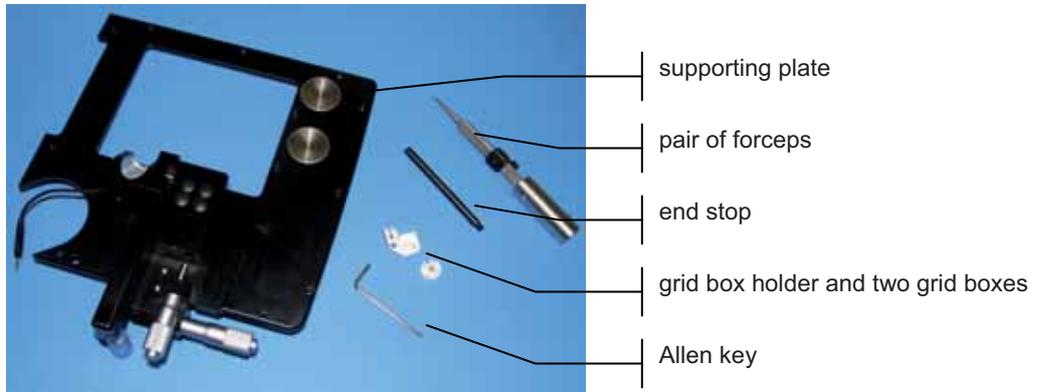
Basic touch screen control unit



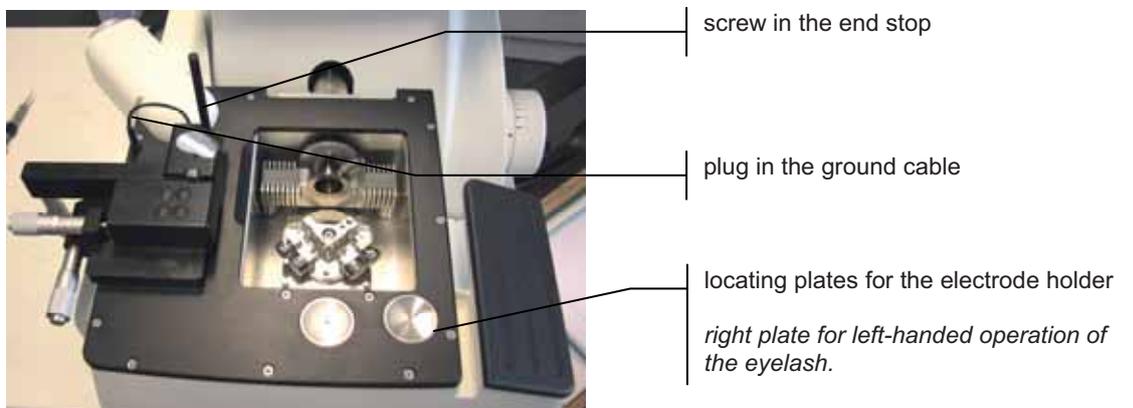
Place the antistatic electrode with its holder into its position on the cryochamber.

4.9 Installing the Micromanipulator

Unpack the micromanipulator.



Remove the top plate of the cryochamber by unscrewing the screws and exchange it with the supporting plate of the micromanipulator.



4.10 Repacking to prevent damage during transportation

The Leica EM FC7 must not be transported unless it is in its original packaging; if it is not, the system may be damaged.

If the system needs to be moved again, disassemble and pack it away by following the instructions listed in Unpacking the cryochamber 4.3 in the reverse order.

4.11 Storage location for the instructions

The user manual and associated supplementary documentation (e.g., manual of the EM Crion) must be kept close to the Leica EM FC7 for fast access.

5. Operation

5.1 Inserting the cryo specimen holder



Insert the cryo specimen holder into the specimen arm.

Lock the cryo specimen holder with the torque limited screw (a) using the 3 mm Allen key.



If the cryo holder is locked in the 0° position initially, subsequent reading of the next position (turned 90° for trimming) will be easy.

5.2 Inserting knives into the knife holder



Set the desired clearance angle (typically 6°).

Insert the desired knives (e.g. a diamond trimming tool and a diamond 35° cryo immuno knife for Tokuyasu technique specimens).



Lock the knife by turning the locking screw clockwise.

Clearance angle setting and locking/unlocking of knives can also be done with the knife holder in the cooled cryochamber.

5.3 Inserting the knife holder



The knife plate in the cryochamber carries a pin (red arrow) that corresponds to the hole in the knife holder (red arrow).



Insert the rotating knife holder containing knives into the chamber.

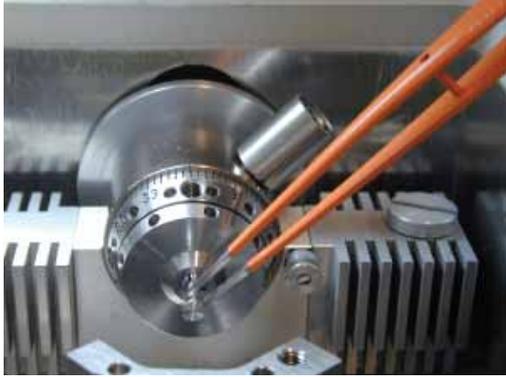


The rotating knife holder is now in the "loading position". It can only be inserted in this position.



In the loading position the knife holder cannot be locked but is held in position by a magnet.

5.4 Inserting the specimen



Once the cryochamber has cooled down to the desired temperature (e.g. -80 °C for trimming of Tokuyasu technique specimens), insert the specimen pin with the specimen.



Make sure the knife holder is in loading position to avoid touching the delicate knife edge.



Lock the specimen pin in the cryo specimen holder.

Turn the small black lever in front clockwise while holding the cryo specimen holder in position with the small black lever in the back.



Rotate the knife holder into „trimming position“.

Lock the locking screw of the knife holder with the 3 mm Allen key.

Start trimming and sectioning.

To change from sectioning position 1 (e.g. the trimming knife) to sectioning position 2 (e.g. the sectioning knife), unlock the screw, rotate knife holder and lock again.

5.5 Using the antistatic device EM Crion with discharge mode

For trimming:

For perfect ribbons of sections a perfect trimmed sample is mandatory.

It is recommended to use the antistatic device for trimming, because it eliminates the sticking of the chips on the specimen and on the blade.

Set the intensity for trimming at the full voltage = all 10 indication marks are illuminated.

For sectioning:

Set the intensity to 5 indication marks. If the sections tend to stick on the knife edge, increase the intensity step by step until the sections begin to float in a nice ribbon over the knife edge. If the sections begin to lift up, decrease the intensity step by step.



The electrode will lose its power if its metal tip becomes covered with ice or debris. If this occurs, just clean the ionizer tip with a fine brush with the antistatic device switched off.



*The electrode tip carries high voltage and must not be touched or allowed to touch any parts of the cryo ultramicrotome while operation.
Switch off the antistatic device prior to any manipulation in the chamber.
Never heat the chamber with the electrode inside.*

5.6 Using the EM Crion with discharge and charge mode

EM Crion with discharge and charge mode is operated by footswitches (except setting the intensity).

For trimming:

For perfect ribbons of sections a perfect trimmed sample is mandatory.

It is recommended to use the discharge mode for trimming, because it eliminates the sticking of the chips on the specimen and on the blade.

Set the intensity for trimming at the full voltage = all 10 indication marks are illuminated.

Press the discharge footswitch to enable the antistatic performance of the electrode.

For sectioning:

Set the intensity to 5 indication marks. If the sections tend to stick on the knife edge, increase the intensity step by step until the sections begin to float in a nice ribbon over the knife edge. If the sections begin to lift up, decrease the intensity step by step.

Press the discharge footswitch to enable the antistatic performance of the electrode.

For placing the section ribbon on the grid:

The ribbon is attached to the grid by pressing the charge footswitch. Thus, the specimen adheres to the grid without the need of a section press.

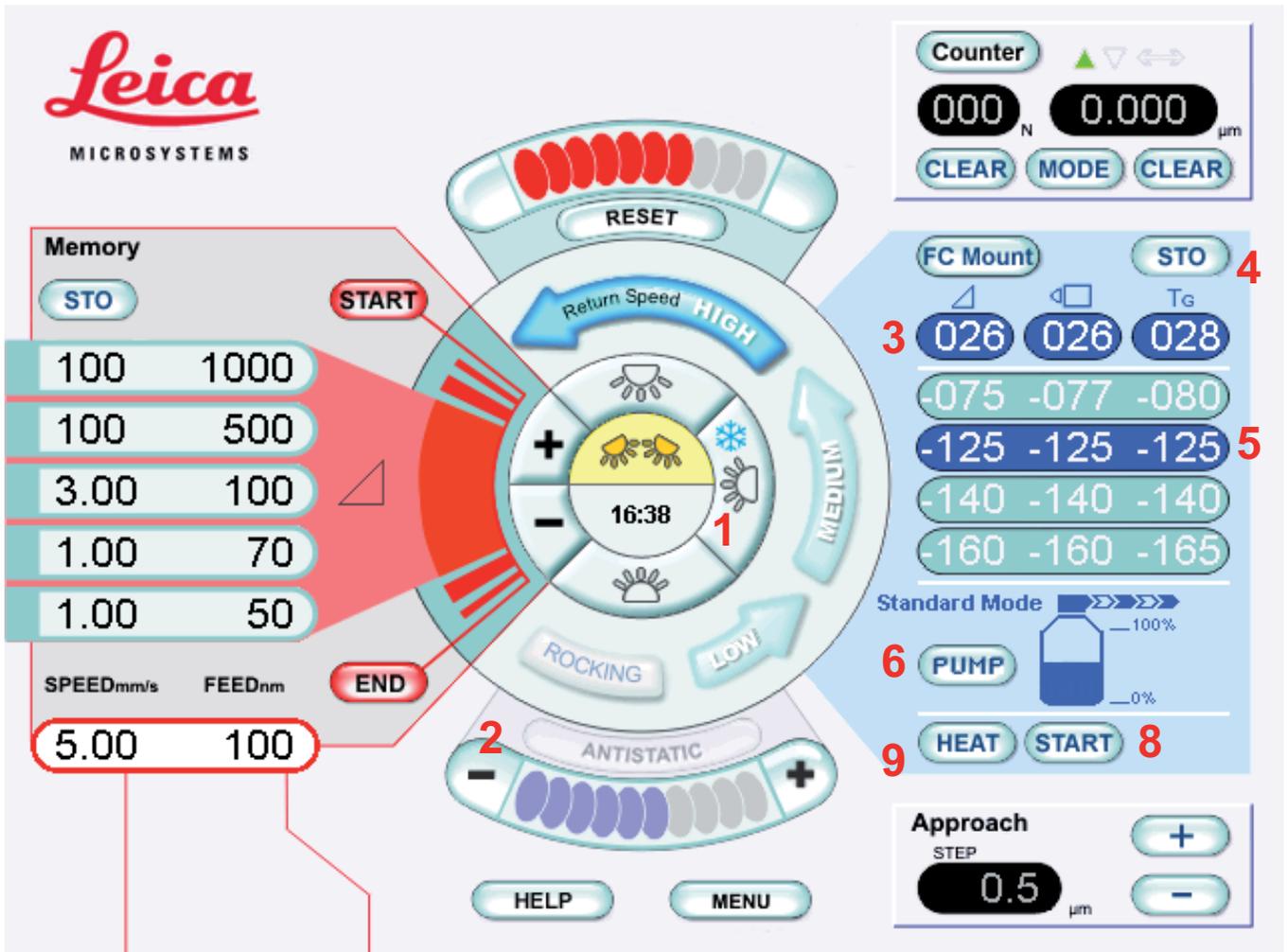


The electrode will lose its power if its metal tip becomes covered with ice or debris. If this occurs, just clean the ionizer tip with a fine brush with the device switched off.



*The electrode tip carries high voltage and must not be touched or allowed to touch any parts of the cryo ultramicrotome while operation.
Switch off the antistatic device prior to any manipulation in the chamber.
Never heat the chamber with the electrode inside.*

5.7 Advanced touch screen control unit to operate the EM FC7



1: LED chamber illumination. Touch to switch on or off. When activated, brightness can be controlled with + - buttons.

2: Integrated ioniser control.

Touch to switch on or off if EM Crion with discharge mode only is used. When activated, intensity can be controlled with + - buttons.

3: Three individual readings for the actual temperature of specimen, knife and gas. Only the actual and not the set temperatures are shown.

Touch one, two or all three buttons to activate setting mode. When activated, the temperatures can be set.

A number pad appears on the screen.

The desired temperature can be keyed in and must be confirmed with „OK“.

If only one button was activated (e.g. knife), only the temperature of this button (in this case the knife) will be set. If all three buttons were activated, all three will be set together.

4: Store function. Touch to activate storing mode, followed by one of the four memory fields (5). The set temperatures of specimen, knife and gas are now stored in the desired memory field.

5: Memory fields. Touch to activate the pre stored values.

6: Pump. Touch to switch on or off pump (e.g. for refilling the Dewar it may be necessary to warm up the LN₂ hose until it is flexible enough to be moved).

7: LN₂ level indicator. Indication of the filling status of the Dewar. An acoustic warning signal will sound if the Dewar is almost empty. Approx. 1 h working time is left.

The acoustic signal can be switched off by touching the Dewar symbol.

8: Start: Touch to activate cooling of the chamber to the set temperature.

9: Heat: Touch to activate automatic bake out of the chamber. The automatic safeguard will ask you to touch the button for more than 1 second to prevent activation by accident. Due to the automatic bake out the controller can be switched off and the bake out process will continue to heat up the chamber to about 110°C and stops automatically at room temperature thereafter.

MENU → User- or Sample profile

Edit userprofile "Andi"

Power Off

Userprofile

* Andi

Rename

Click "OK" to save or "Cancel" to discard settings.

OK

Cancel

Reset

Enable Manual Cutting

Bind Motor to EM Crion Pedals

Enable Continuous Approach

Show Cutting Animations

Show Info Messages

Show Confirm Messages

Play Sound on Button-Click

Standby

Stage Feed Minimum: 2500

Beep Volume: 7

+ -

+ -

+ -

Temperature Unit

Celsius **1**

Fahrenheit

Kelvin

Back Setup Service

Edit sample "Lever"

Power Off

Cutting Settings

Following settings are stored for the current sample and can be modified using the speed / feed knobs and the controls on main screen.

- Speed / Feed + Presets
- Return Speed
- Approach
- Illumination
- Antistatic
- Counter values
- Autotrim values

Sample

Lever

Rename

Click "OK" to save or "Cancel" to discard settings.

OK

Cancel

FC Mode **2**

Standard Mode

High Gas Flow

Wet Sectioning

FC temperature settings can be modified on the main screen.

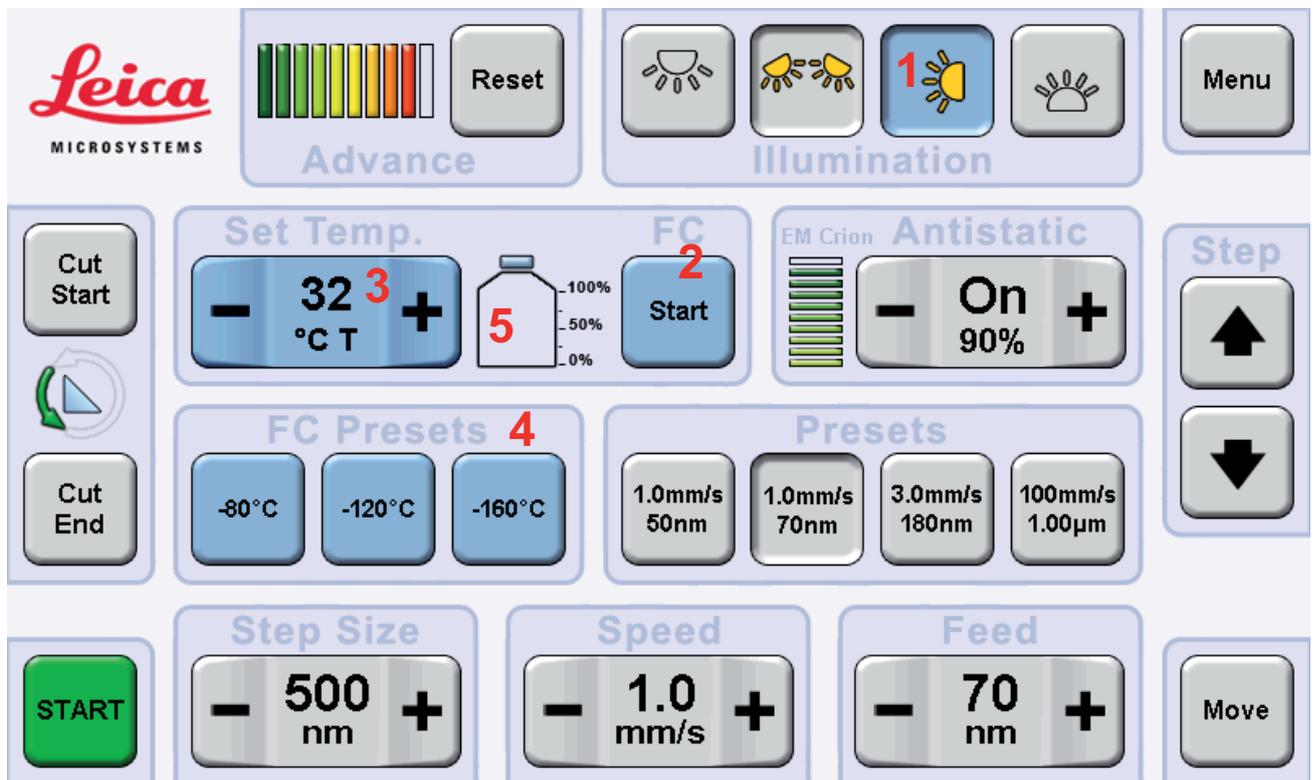
Back Setup Service

1: Temperature Unit. After pushing the menu button on the main screen the temperature unit can be selected in the Edit User menu.

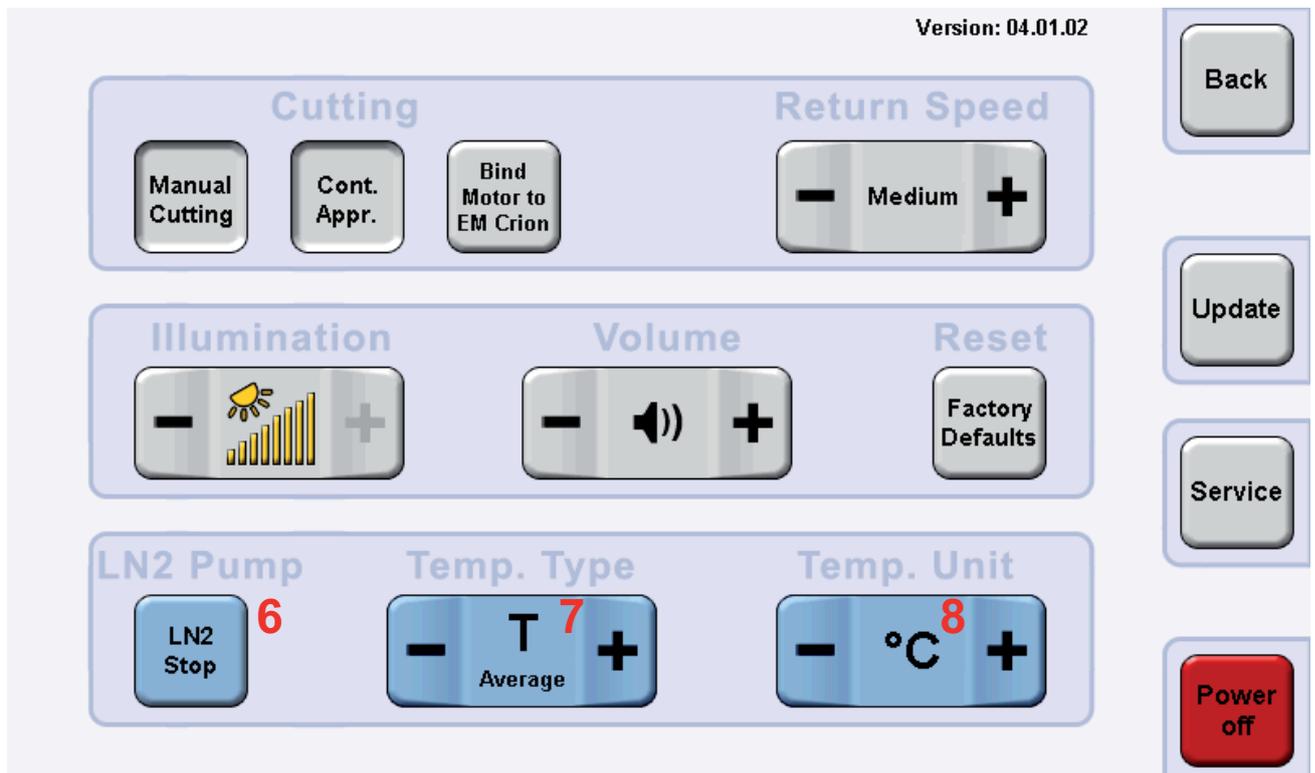
2: FC Mode. The FC7 chamber is equipped to toggle between three different modes. Push the menu button on the main screen and select the Edit or Add New sample menu.

- Standard mode is preferable used for regular sectioning e.g. Tokuyasu or polymer sectioning at dry conditions.
- High Gas Flow is preferable used to increase GN₂ gas flow below a temperature of -140°C in order to reduce ice contaminations.
- Wet Sectioning mode is used for polymer sectioning at wet conditions using DMSO or similar liquids in order to set the temperature of knife at a maximum of -40°C and the temperature of the sample minimum of -170°C. To achieve the minimum temperature of the sample the specimen arm must be moved to its lowest position during the cooling process. Thus, parts of the cooling element of the sample holder are placed into LN₂ which facilitates cooling down the sample at a minimum of -170°. The temperature will be kept during the sectioning process.

5.8 Basic touch screen control unit to operate the EM FC7



Menu



1: LED chamber illumination. Press to switch on or off.

2: Start: press to activate cooling of the chamber to the set temperature. After Start has been pressed the name of the button changes to Heat. Press Heat to activate automatic bake out of the chamber. The heating process can be interrupted by pressing the Heat button again (Stop Heat). Due to the automatic bake out the controller can be switched off and the bake out process will continue to heat up the chamber to about +110°C and stops automatically at room temperature afterwards.

3: Reading for the actual temperature which is selected in the menu as command variable (set point). This temperature can be set with + - buttons. By pressing the displayed value the set temperature will be shown for about 4 seconds.

4: Three memory buttons. Press to activate the stored value. The reading for the actual temperature shows the set value for approx. 4 seconds. To store a new value set temperature (3) and press one of the memory buttons. An acoustic signal confirms the input.

5: LN₂ level indicator. Indication of the filling status of the Dewar. An acoustic warning signal will sound if the Dewar is almost empty. Approx. 1 h working time is left.

The acoustic signal can be switched off by touching the Dewar symbol (5) or the displayed hint box (appears in the upper left corner on the screen).

Menu

6: LN₂ stop. Touch to switch on or off pump (e.g. for refilling the Dewar it may be necessary to warm up the LN₂ hose until it is flexible enough to be moved).

7: One of four different command variables can be set. The temperature will be controlled according to the selected set point.

T Average = an average of specimen, sample and gas

Tk Knife

Ts Sample

Tg Gas

8: Temperature Unit: a choice of C, F and K is available. The selected unit will be displayed on the main screen.

5.9 Operating the micromanipulator

The micromanipulator in conjunction with the EM CRION with discharge and charge mode is intended to use for section collection of frozen hydrated sections as well as Tokuyasu sections. The micromanipulator allows the grid to be exactly positioned close to the knife edge using the micrometer gauges. Once these positions are defined, fast retraction of the grid can be performed manually prior to sectioning to prevent possible influence of the grid on the ionizer. The Leica EM CRION is used in discharge mode in order to reduce electrostatic charging while sectioning.

When it is time to place the section ribbon on the grid, the user can quickly return to the pre-set grid position. The ribbon is then attached to the grid using the charge mode of the LEICA EM CRION, which is operated by a footswitch. Thus, the specimen adheres to the grid without the need of a section press.

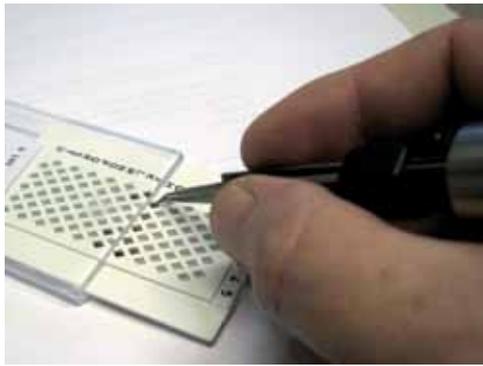
As a grid box can be placed near the knife, the micromanipulator can be used to easily place the grid into its storage position.



Place the grid-box holder with its magnet onto the knife holder.



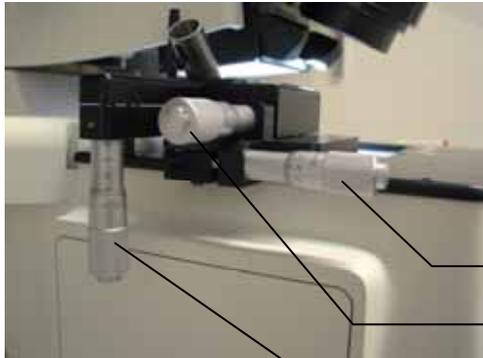
Insert the grid box in the holder.



Pick up the grid with the forceps. For accurate manipulation hold the forceps close to the tips.



Insert the forceps in its holder of the micromanipulator and slide it towards the end stop position.

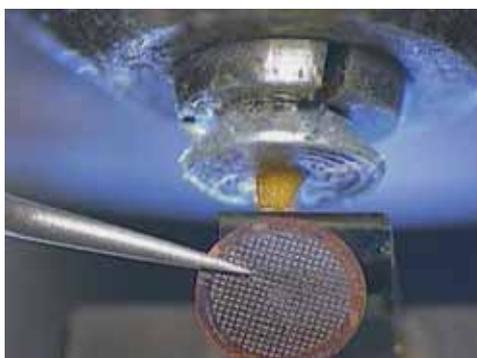


With the micrometer gauges set the grid slightly below the knife edge with the z-movement, E-W position of the sample and the N-S position close to the knife. Make sure the shaft of the micrometer gauges are in contact with the magnetic end stop.

N-S movement

E-W movement

Z movement





To prevent possible influence of the grid on the ionizer retract the forceps by pulling back the assembly.

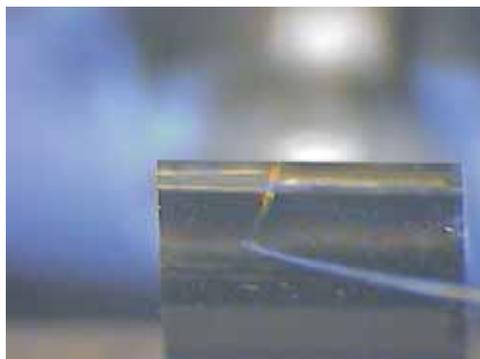


Grip the assembly on the centre to retract the forceps. Due to the backlash of the bearings the grid will be moved towards the knife edge if the assembly will be retracted by gripping on a different area of the assembly (e.g. at the end of the Z-movement assembly).

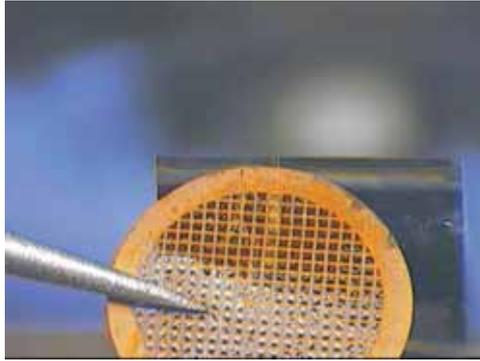


Avoid turning the micrometer gauges once the forceps is retracted. The preset position would be changed, thus the knife edge can be damaged if repositioning of the forceps is careless performed.

Start sectioning using the discharge mode of the Crion (see chapter 5.6).

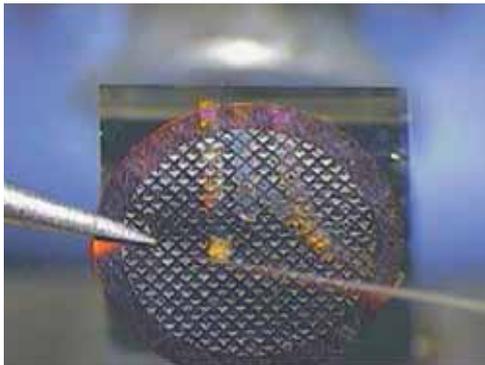


When it is time to place the section ribbon on the grid, switch off the motor of the specimen arm and the discharge function of the Crion. For convenience both functions can be switched off by the footswitch simultaneously if "Bind Motor to Crion pedals" is enabled.



Slightly lift up the ribbon with the eyelash and advance the forceps to its pre-set position.

Attach the ribbon on the grid using the charge mode of the Crion operated by the footswitch (discharge).



For further section collection change the E-W position of the grid and repeat as above described.



If you want to place the grid in the grid-box move the grid-box holder aside with tweezers and retract the forceps holding the grid.

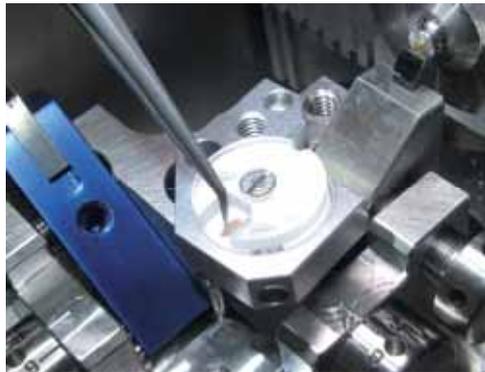
Turn the forceps until the grid points downwards. Make sure the grid does not interfere with parts of the knife holder. It might be necessary to move the forceps in a proper E-W position as well.



Lift up the forceps either by using the micrometer gauges or manually by gripping the z-direction lever.



Adjust the grid-box using a pair of tweezers and the grid with the y and x movement of the manipulator in order to position the grid above an empty recess of the grid-box.



Lower the forceps slowly until the grid is placed in its position of the grid-box.



Open the forceps to release the grid.



To use a new grid take out the forceps and warm it up as long as the forceps is dry. To speed up the process a second forceps is recommended. Or another possibility is to load the second grid holder with empty grids and place it in the chamber. If a new grid has to be inserted into the forceps exchange the grid-boxes and pick up the empty grid using the micrometer gauges of the micromanipulator. In this case the forceps can remain in the cryochamber and will not ice up if moved out of the chamber.

5.10 Set of Cryotools

The Set of cryotools is used for handling frozen hydrated sections, Tokuyasu sections as well as collecting polymer sections.

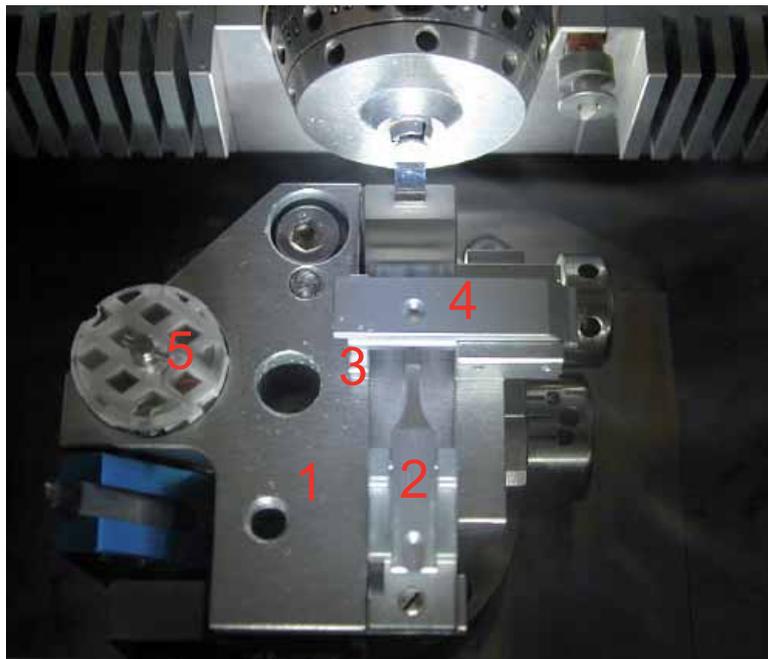
5.10.1 Unpacking

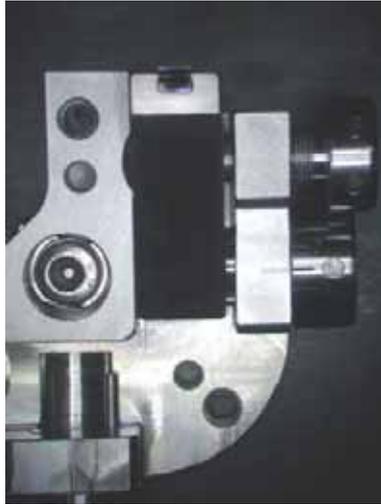
The set consists of 4 parts: the base (with a flip-over bridge for preloading / releasing of grids), the spring loaded grid holder, the section press and the transfer container.

5.10.2 Device function and operation

The base of the cryotools is mounted on the rotating knife holder with a locking screw.

A pre cooled grid is clamped in the spring loaded grid holder (2). The grid holder is shifted forward until the grid is close to the knife edge. Cryosectioning is carried out. Once the ribbon of frozen hydrated sections is on the grid, the holder with the grid is pulled back in south direction. The grid is then placed onto the flip -over bridge (3) and sections are pressed with the section press (4). After flattening the sections on the grid, the grid is transferred to a transfer container (5).

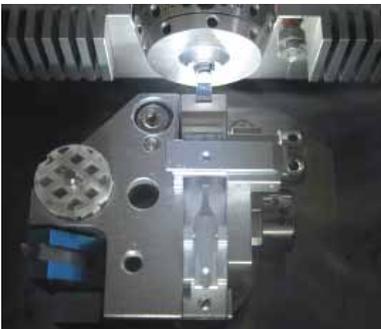




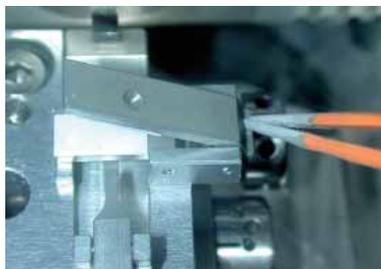
Insert cryo knife into knife holder.



Mount base of cryotools on rotating knife holder and lock.



Insert grid holder and transfer container into base of cryotools.



Flip section press over to the right.



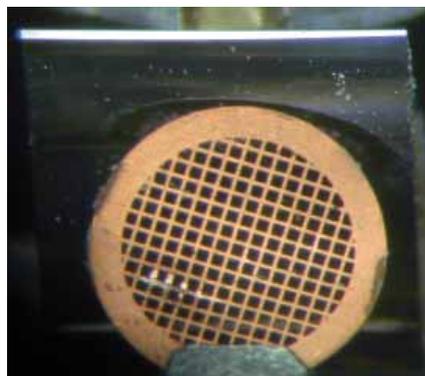
Place grid on flip-over bridge.



Open grid holder by pushing on the small indentation at the rear end with a small black lever or a pair of forceps. Move grid holder towards the grid and clamp it by releasing the clamping jaw.



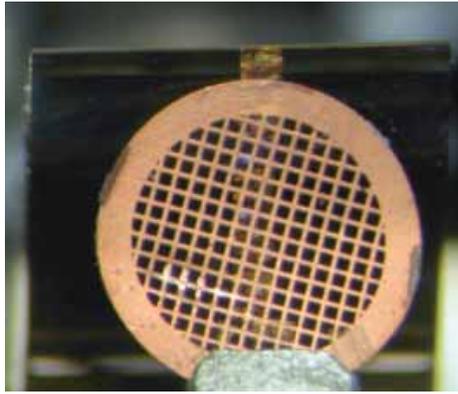
Pull back grid holder towards you and flip bridge to the right using a pair of forceps.



Push grid holder forwards until the grid has reached the desired distance from the knife edge.



Take extra care not to touch the delicate diamond knife edge.



Start cryo sectioning and collect the ribbon on the grid.



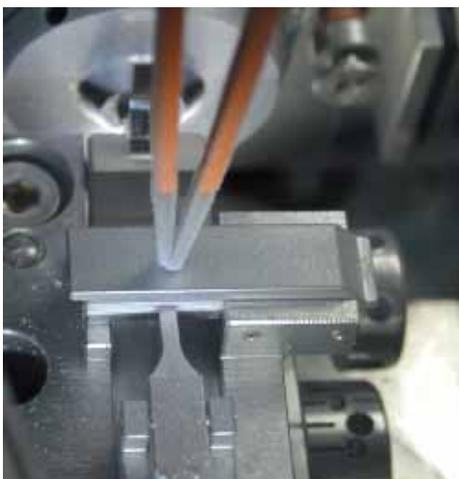
Pull back grid holder.

Flip over bridge to the left.

Push forward grid holder until the grid is placed over the bridge.



Close section press by using a pre-cooled pair of forceps.



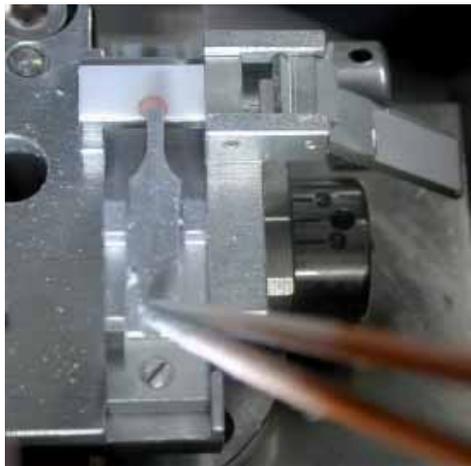
Flatten sections under the press by pushing on the small indentation in the centre with a small black lever or a pair of forceps.



Apply pressure perpendicular to the surface to avoid sideways movement of the press.



Flip over section press to the right.



Release grid from the holder by pushing on the small indentation at the rear end with a small black lever or a pair of forceps and retract grid holder.



Transfer flattened grid into the transfer container.



The transfer container can be removed using a pair of forceps.



The ceramic surfaces of the section press should be cleaned with 100% ethyl alcohol before use.

5.11 Refilling the Dewar

The 25l Dewar holds enough LN₂ for a 1 day operation. It is recommended to keep the pump in the Dewar until the LN₂ has been consumed. The LN₂ consumption of the pump when not in use is less than 1l per day.

Refilling can be done in 2 different ways:

1. Lift the pump slightly and refill the Dewar, using the Dewar Refilling System.
2. Take out the pump from the Dewar. The cold pump should always be kept in an upright position to avoid entrance of water and humid air into the valves. Use the yellow protective cap immediately to close the lower end of the pump. Before inserting the pump again, dry pump and take off yellow protective cap.



For ease of operation, one can use a second Dewar and place the pump immediately into the new, full Dewar.

Taking out the pump from the Dewar if the pump is not in use for a longer time:

The cold pump should always be kept in an upright position to avoid entrance of water and humid air into the valves. Use the yellow protective cap and the storing bracket that is provided with the pump.



Before removing the pump from the Dewar, switch off pump and wait for a few minutes. The LN₂ hose must be flexible enough to be moved.

5.12 Finishing work with the EM FC7

Close down and bake out

Pressing the Heat button will activate the automatic bake out of the chamber. The FC7 cryochamber will now heat up to +110 °C. The heating cycle will be switched off automatically and the instruments will go back to room temperature. During the heating time (approximately 90 minutes) the FC7 must be connected to the mains.

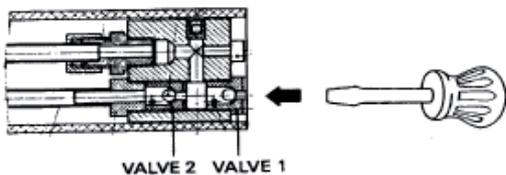
The heating cycle can be stopped and started again any time by pressing the Heat button.



Before heating the chamber, to avoid any damage to components and knives:

- **take out all specimens.**
- **take out antistatic electrode.**
- **take out diamond knives.**
- **unlock torque limited screw holding the cryo specimen holder. This will prevent mechanical damage of specimen holder and locking screw due to heat expansion.**
- **unlock knife holder. This will prevent mechanical damage of the locking screw due to heat expansion.**
- **move stereomicroscope with stereo-carrier to the side. This will prevent steam / condensing water droplets on optical components.**

5.13 Maintenance of the valves



Humidity in the valves can cause freezing and sticking of the valves during operation. To prevent this both valves in the block can be easily removed and cleaned with ethanol.

Remove both steel valves with a screw driver. The 2nd steel valve is located underneath the 1st valve.

Before inserting the valves again, check that the ball inside the valves is free.

6. Technical specifications

Chamber illumination	LED brightness controllable max. 2150 lx
Top-light	LED brightness controllable max. 8250 lx
Back-light	LED brightness controllable max. 3450 lx
Spot-light	LED max. 8600 lx
Cutting transmission	vibration decoupled gravity stroke
Specimen advance	200µm
Reserve warning	20µm
Cutting speed	0.05 -100 mm/s wheel controlled
Section thickness	0-15000nm wheel controlled
Return speeds	10, 30, 50mm/s
Coarse knife-movements N-S:	10 mm stepping motor
Step control	0.1 -15 µm steps
E-W movement	10mm stepping motor
Knife holder	for two 6-10 mm knives
Temperature range	+110°C to -185°C
Temperature working range	-15°C to -185°C
Temperature difference setting knife/sample High gas flow (advanced controller)	-40°C (knife) and -170°C (sample)
Automatic rapid cooling	< -165°
High gas flow (advanced controller)	< -140°C
Temperature memories	4 advanced controller / 3 basic controller

EC Declaration



EC Declaration of Conformity

EG Konformitäts-Erklärung

Déclaration CE de Conformité

We/Wir/Nous

**Leica Mikrosysteme GmbH
Hernalser Hauptstrasse 219
A-1170 Wien, Austria**

declare in exclusive responsibility that the product
erklären in alleiniger Verantwortung, dass das Produkt
déclarons sous notre seule responsabilité que le produit

Model **LEICA EM FC7**

Modell **LEICA EM FC7**

modèle **LEICA EM FC7**

Type/Typenbezeichnung/type **EM FC7/706030/656002**

to which this declaration relates is in conformity with the following standards:
auf das sich diese Erklärung bezieht, mit den folgenden Normen übereinstimmt:
auquel se réfère cette déclaration est conforme aux normes :

EN 61010-1

EN 61326-1

following the provisions of directive
gemäss den Bestimmungen der Richtlinie
conformément aux dispositions de directive

2004/108/EC	(Electromagnetic compatibility) (Elektromagnetische Verträglichkeit)
2006/95/EC	(Low Voltage Equipment) (Niederspannungsrichtlinie)
2006/42/EC	(Machinery) (Maschinen)

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Reinhard Lihl".

Wien, 25. June 2009

Dr. Reinhard Lihl
Entwicklungsleiter
R & D Manager
Chef du service développement

www.leica-microsystems.com



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